

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

Vol. III.]

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1803.

[No. 902.]

Sales by Auction.

On SATURDAY,

At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store, the corner of King and Union Streets,

Rum in hhds. and barrels,
Whiskey in barrels,
Apple Brandy in barrels,
Gin in casks,
Wine in pipes and quatter casks,
Molasses in hhds.
Sugar in hhds. and barrels,
White and brown Soap in boxes,
Coffee in casks and bags,
Raisins in kegs and boxes,
Queen's Ware, and

ALSO,

A variety of DRY GOODS,

—AMONG WHICH ARE—

| | |
|--|--|
| Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Kerseys, Coatings, Half-thicks, Fearnought, Blankets, Flannels, Negro Cottons, Worked and other Stockings, | Irish Linens, Calicoes, Threads, Chintzes, Bedricks, Oznaburgs, Sewing Silks, Mullin and Mullin Handkerchiefs, India Cottons, &c &c. |
|--|--|

THOS. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

October 24.

Public Vendue.

On TUESDAY,

At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store,

Rum in hogheads and barrels.

French Brandy in pipes,

Gin in pipes and bla.

Whiskey and Apple Brandy in bla.

Sugar in hhds. tierces and bla.

Coffee in tierces and bags,

Chocolate

White and brown Soap } in boxes,

Mould and dip'd Candles

Raisins in kegs, boxes and jars,

Figs in kegs and frails,

Queen's Ware in crates,

FURNITURE, &c.

ALSO,

A variety of DRY GOODS,

Among which are,

Cloths, Coatings,

Kerseys, Duffels,

Plains and Kerseys,

Negro Cottons, Serges,

Elasticks, blue Friezes,

Calimancoes and Russels,

Yarn Stockings,

Chintzes and Calicoes,

Irish Linens, Silks do.

Oznaburgs and Ticklenburgs,

Mullins and Mullin Hand's,

India Mullins and Table Cloths

Bandanna Handkerchiefs,

Coloured Threads, Hats,

And sundry other Articles.

P. G. MARSTELLER.

October 24.

RICKETTS, NEWTON & Co.

HAVE RETURNED TO TOWN,

And are now opening, and will be ready for sale

in a few days,

Their Fall supply of Goods:

Consisting of superfine cloths, second do. coat-

ings, fearnoughts, duffels, blankets, point and rof-

do. striped kerseys, plaids, half thick, caddes,

kerseys, swandowns, velvets, corduroys and

thickets, Scotch carpetings, Brussels do. stuffs and

corded dimities, canvas and twine, German linens,

fine and sewing twine, threads and sewing silks.

And have on Hand,

70 hhds. Sugar,

4 do. Jamaica Rum,

12000 lbs. Green Coffee,

2000 bushels salt. Oa. 26. d

To Merchants.

I WILL RENT for one year, or during my

life, a HOUSE and LOT in the town of Steven-

burg; there is a store room in the house well fit-

ted for the reception of goods, a counting room

adjoining the store, a large dining room and cham-

ber, with two fire places below stairs, four lodg-

ing rooms, with two fire places and a passage

above stairs, a large garret, and two large, dry

cellars; a granary, kitchen, smoke house, stable,

and a handsome falling garden. I have likewise

two lots well enclosed in the said town, and some

vacant lots which I will rent with or separate from

the above described lot. The stand for business

is interior to none in this place; the situation is

high and remarkably healthy, and commands a

fine prospect of the adjacent country and an ex-

tensive view of the Mountains.

ELIZABETH TALLIAFERRO.

Stevensburg, Culpepper County,

October 24. d3w

CARNE and SLADE

Have imported by the ships Ann and the United States, from Liverpool to this Port, the Atlan-
tic, via New York, and the Phoenix from Bris-
tol, via Baltimore, a very general and exten-
sive assortment of

Hardware, Cutlery and Sadlery,

among which are,

Tin plate in boxes, sheet iron, sheet

brass and handsome stove grates with large fire

places for burning coal.

They constantly keep a general assortment of

cut nails, country castings, looking glasses, wool

and cotton cards, bar iron, steel and nail rods.

Oa. 31. d6:

CUTHBERT POWELL

Has received per the Ann and the United States,

from Liverpool, and the Atlanta, from

London, a general assortment of

FALL GOODS,

which he is now opening and offers for sale on the

usual terms. He has also received a case of

Highly finished GUNS,

amongst which are a few ducking pieces. Also,

English Gunpowder in qr. casks, and shot in bags.

Oa. 25. d2w taw 2w

WILLIAM LADD

Has imported in the latest ships from England and

Ireland, an assortment of

Irish Linens and Woollen Goods,

suitable to the season.

Oa. 17. d

WILLIAM OXLEY

Has received by the Ann from Liverpool and

Atlanta, via Baltimore, from London,

FALL GOODS,

which he offers for sale on reasonable terms.

Sept. 30. d

TOWNSEND & PLUMB

Respectfully inform the public that they have

just received and opened for sale, on Fairfax street,

near the corner of Prince street, a handsome as-

sortment of Ladies and Gentlemen's

SHOES:

Ladies' kid, Morocco and leather, with and

without heels.

Spangled kid, with and without heels.

Misses Morocco and leather.

Mens' fine and coarse Shoes.

Boys' do. do.

Childrens' Morocco and leather, with a num-

ber of other kinds of shoes wholesale and retail.

Great attention will be paid to those who will

please to favour them with their custom.

Oa. 29. d3m

JUST ARRIVED.

From St. Petersburg, (Russia.)

The Ship Hunter, Capt. M'Knight;

Has on board, and will be landed and exposed

for sale in a few days,

The following Cargo:

Bar Iron, (old Sable) assorted,

First quality clean Hemp,

Do. Sail Duck,

Do. Ravens do.

White and Brown Sheetings,

Broad and narrow Diapers,

Drillings, &c. &c. Apply to

R. T. Hooe and Co.

J. and T. Vowell,

Lawrafon and Smoot

N. B.—The Ship Hunter

is intended as a constant trader to Russia, and may

be looked for early next fall, with a more gen-

eral assortment of Russia Goods.

Lawrafon and Smoot.

Oa. 6. d

Merchant's Attend!!

THE subscriber will sell, on low

terms and easy payment, a LOT of GROUND

in the town of Port Tobacco, on which there are

a small dwelling house and kitchen, a large two

story store house and convenient granary and stable

in one of the best stands for the retail wet and

dry good business. If not sold by the 12th of

November next, it will be exposed to public sale on

that day. Mr. John E. Ford will contract for

and view the premises, on application, at any time

previous to the day of sale. An indisputable title

will be made by

John M'Clenachan.

The above property was adver-

tised for sale on the 12th of the present

month, but has been necessarily postponed.

October 22. dts.

Printing in all its variety ex-

ecuted at this office.

For Falmouth and a Market.

The new Ship ANN,

Capt. Bradford,

A few hhds. of Tobacco will
be taken on FREIGHT, to the ad-
dres of T. Middleton & Co. Lon-
don, if immediate application is made
to the subscribers, who will make the usual ad-
vances on it.

Robert T. Hooe & Co.

Who have received, by late arrivals from Liver-

pool and London, a general assortment of

FALL GOODS,

which will be opened and for sale in a few days.

Sept. 30. d

For Freight or Charter.

(To any port in the West Indies or the U.

States)

THE SCH'R

DISPATCH,

JOSHUA PREBBLE, Master,

burthen 750 barrels. She is a fine

staunch vessel, completely sound and

ready to receive a cargo immediately.

Apply to the master on board at Gilpin's Wharf,

or to

JOSEPH RIDDLE, & Co. d

Sept. 7.

For Freight or Charter.

The Ship HERO,

burthen 200 tons or thereabouts, said

ship will carry 300 hhds. or 2000 bls.

Has on board for sale,

20 pipes HOLLAND GIN.

For terms apply to the Master on board.

Thomas Cole. d

Oa. 17.

For New-York.

The fast sailing

Schooner Friendship,

JOHNQUANDRILL, master.

For Freight or Passage,

apply to the master on board,

lying at Merchant's wharf, or to

Philip Care, Union Street.

Who has for sale,

100 casks single and FF Powder,

50 kegs first quality Ground Ginger,

100 bls. do. Shad,

40 bls. do. Herrings,

3000 bushels coarse and fine Salt, and

Best superfine Flour for family use.

Oa. 18. d

For Freight or Charter.

The Ship CATO,

ELEAZER FREEMAN

Master;

burthen 450 hhds. Tobacco, a strong, staunch

vessel. Apply to

Lawrafon and Smoot,

Robert Young,

William Yeaton. d

Oa. 6.

For Freight or Charter.

The Schooner RESOLUTION,

Job Simmons, Master;

a complete, staunch vessel, burthen

950 barrels, ready to receive a cargo. Apply to

John G. Ladd,

at his dwelling house on Prince, between Fairfax

and Royal streets. d

Sept. 22.

For Boston.

The Sch'r ELIZABETH,

Mirick Nickerson, Master;

For Freight or Passage apply to the

subscriber, at his dwelling house on

Prince, between Fairfax and Royal

streets. J. G. LADD. d

Oa. 17.

For Freight or Charter.

To EUROPE or the W. INDIES,

The Ship Maria,

SAMUEL JOHNSON, Master,

Burthen 1600 bls.

Now in complete order for a voyage. For terms

apply to said master on board, lying in the stream

or to

J. G. LADD,

at his dwelling house on Prince between Fairfax

and Royal streets.

For sale on board said ship,

250 casks R. I. Lime,

100 bushels Potatoes,

Few bales India Cottons.

FOR SALE,


A good, strong, able, well conditioned carriage

HORSE. Enquire of the Printer.

Nov. 1. d3t


For Sale,

THE SLOOP

 Diana, a good tight vessel,
carries 3000 bushels, or 600 barrels
flour.

ALSO,

The Schooner Leboo,

 burthen Five Hundred bar-rels. Both
vessels are lying at our wharf, and will
be fold on low terms.

We have received by the sloop Diana,

60 hhds. Guadeloupe clayed Sugars,

of good quality,

And have on hand,

Jamaica Spirits,

Windward Rum,

Muscovado Sugars, first and second qualities,

Pork, Whkey, &c. &c. all which will be fold

at reasonable prices. JOHN & THOS. VOWELL. d

Sept. 8.

For FREIGHT, (Coastways)

The Schooner

SEA FLOWER,

ELVY DOUGHTY,

</

JAMES BACON,
At his Store on King-Street, within one door of
Washington-Street, has just received a quanti-
ty of well assorted

PATENT SHOT,
which, with a general assortment of Teas, Sugars,
Coffee, Wines, Brandy, Spirits, and generally e-
very other article in the grocery line, he offers
for sale on the most moderate terms.

Oct. 15.

Douglass and Mandeville,
Corner of King and Water Streets,
Offer for Sale on the most reduced Prices,
1st, 2d, and 3d quality

MUSCOVADO SUGAR,
in hds and bls.

Loaf and lump Sugar in bbls.
Young Hyfon, and } **TEAS,**
Souchong
Malaga Wine in qr, casks,
Fresh bloom Raisins in boxes,
Best green Coffee in bags,
Chocolate in boxes, of a superior quality,
Mould-Candles in boxes,
Dipped do. do,
2d and 3d proof West India Rum, in hds.
Molasses in hds. Shad and Herring in bls.
Rice in tierces, N. E. Rum in bbls.
Whiskey in bbls. and tierces,
Rhode Island Cheese of an excellent quality,
Wrapping Paper,
St. Ubes,
Lithon, } **SALT**
Ground Alum and } in sacks and in bulk,
Blown
190 tons of Plaster lying convenient to water
carriage.

They continue to keep on hand a
supply of choice fresh **FLOUR,** for the
use of such families as may favor them
with their custom.

Nov. 2.

HENRY K. MAY and Co.

HAVE FOR SALE,

Few quarter casks Malaga Wine,
Holland Gin,
Wrapping paper,
FF glazed Gunpowder,
Nankens, and a small Invoice of
Canton Fancy Goods.

Nov. 1.

2aw 3w

ROBERT and JOHN GRAY

Have just received,

A large supply of superfine Eagle, Henry the
8th, and Merry Andrew

PLAYING CARDS,

and a few dozen blank Cards of a good quality.

Nov. 2.

PORT WINE

in half pipes,

Country Gin in pipes,
4th proof old Peach Brandy,
Juniper Berries,
Coarse Salt,
Alabaster Chimney Ornaments,
Printer's Ink—for sale by

Daniel Murgatroyd,

Oct. 31. eozw King Street.

PATENT SHOT

Assorted, from BB a No. 5—best English Gun-
powder F and FF.

20,000 lbs. Green Coffee,

20 hds. 1st quality Muscovado Sugar,
20 pipes fine old Port Wine,
30 hds. and qr. casks Catalonia,
30 qr. casks choice Sherry,
20 do. Lithon of a superior quality,
10 pipes London particular Madeira,
20 qr. casks rich Malaga,
And a general assortment of spirituous Liquors,
Teas and Groceries offered for sale by

R. B. Jamesson.

Oct. 26. eozw

The Marine Insurance Association
continue to meet at their office every day from 12
till 2 o'clock.

Wm. Groverman, Broker.

Oct. 12. eo

JAMES S. SCOTT

TAILOR,

Has received his FALL assortment of
FANCY GOODS,

Which he will dispose of on the most reasonable
terms, by the yard, or make up, on the shortest
notice to suit the taste of any:

Amongst which are the following:

SUPERFINE black, blue, drab, claret, cin-
naron, bottle green, different shades; light,
dark, and Oxford mixtures; also, one-piece super-
fine milled French blue, suitable for cloaks; ca-
simeres, velvets, velvetens and cords all colors;
fancy frowns, Russian ditto, silk molestin &
velvet;—with a number of different coloured
coatings and napt frizes, some of which are mill-
ed;—flannels, twilled and plain, fashionable and
plain buttons, &c. &c.

Four good Journeymen wanted
immediately.

October 27.

FOR SALE,

Bills of Exchange on London.
Wm. HODGSON.

**CONGRESS
OF THE
UNITED STATES.**

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MONDAY, October 24.

IMPORTANT DEBATE

*On Mr. R. Griswold's resolution for calling
on the president for the evidences of title
to the province of Louisiana.*

(CONTINUED.)

The house having proceeded to consider
the resolution, when

Mr. J. Randolph rose and said, I hope
the house, will not agree to this resolution.
I am well aware of the consequences which
may result from requiring papers from the
executive before the business comes fully
before the house. The gentleman who
brings it forward, has varied a little in men-
tioning the word *subject*. I know it is a fa-
vorite expression with the gentleman. The
peculiar penchant of some gentlemen for
this expression, will be an excuse for my
varying my phraseology. A commissary
has been sent from France to Louisiana, to
do that which may be necessary, and of
which the gentleman is doubtful, and to
transmit his proceedings to the president
of the United States. It appears by this
that provision is making on the part of
France, to put us in possession of the ter-
ritory, and of the citizens of Louisiana, as
soon as we on our part ratify the treaty.—

There is, therefore, a necessity for our
making provision to carry it into effect.—
There was in the famous treaty with Great
Britain, objections, almost innumerable.
Language of this kind was then held up in
the house, it was said we detest your treaty.
A treaty now very different from that of
London—a treaty advantageous and popu-
lar is made with France. If we find it a
good treaty we surely ought to make pro-
vision for it. Shall we take an exception
to our own title, when France has pledged
herself for its validity? Shall we refuse to
be put in possession? Can any gentleman
doubt that as far as France can bestow, we
have a title? Can they doubt, but that
France has not a title from Spain? Will
our passing an act to make provision for car-
rying this treaty into effect, impair our title?
If it should hereafter appear that Spain
has a title, and that title is un-conveyed to
France, it certainly will not. It appears to
me that it will be little better than a mock-
ery to enquire, at this time, whether we
have a title to this territory. So long as
we are informed by the executive that we
are to be put in possession, and that he has
power so to do, we need not, in the present
instance, inquire farther.

Mr. Lyon. I rise only to observe that
I think this resolution has been brought
forward in a disrespectful manner. Had it
been decent and respectful I should have
voted for it. It implies that the executive
has made a bargain to which he had no title.
I wish the gentleman who brought this re-
solution forward had shewn a little more
respect for the executive. I have, for my
own part, no objection to the documents
being brought forward. I think they should
be brought forward—Every person might
have seen the fact from the newspapers—
I only rose to mention the manner in which
this business has been brought forward.

Mr. Goddard. The object to be obtain-
ed by seeing the papers requested to be laid
before us, is to ascertain, whether France,
from whom we have received a cession of
Louisiana, had derived from Spain, any title
to that country—Gentlemen say that it
is unnecessary for us to know this: that
France has declared in the treaty, that she
has an 'incontestible title to the domain and
to the possession of the said territory.'—
Such indeed are the words of the treaty,
but France has not left the matter here—If
that declaration had been simply made,
there would have been more in the argu-
ment—but the treaty has gone further, and
told us what that *incontestible title* is.—And
what is it? All the title of France to the ced-
ed territory is derived from the third article
of her treaty with Spain, of the 1st of
October, 1800. That article is introduced
into the treaty, now on our tables, and is
nothing more than a promise on the part of
his Catholic Majesty, 'To cede to the
French republic six months after the full and
entire execution of the conditions and stipu-
lations herein, relative to his royal highness
the Duke of Parma, the colony and province
of Louisiana, &c. Our treaty with France
then goes on to say, 'and whereas in pur-
sue of the said treaty, and particularly
the third article, the French republic has an
incontestible title,' &c. So that France not
only tells us that she has an incontestible
title to the ceded territory, but she also tells
us what that incontestible title is—and it is

nothing but a promise on the part of Spain,
to cede six months after the fulfillment of
certain conditions relating to the Duke of
Parma; What then do we purchase upon
the face of the treaty itself? Not a country,
but his Catholic Majesty's promise to cede
a country at a future time and on certain
conditions. Now, as the treaty itself fur-
nishes no evidence of title, we enquire for
the evidence on this subject. We ask, have
the conditions of the treaty between France
and Spain, ever been fulfilled? Have the
six months elapsed? If so, let us see the
actual cession which Spain promised to
make. If not, has Spain ever waved the
performance of these conditions, and there-
by yielded the title to France? If Spain
has ever done this, we ask for the evidence
of it. Let us know whether Spain assents
or dissents to our taking possession of the
country.

This information, we desire, not for the
purpose of ratifying or rejecting the treaty;
this belongs to the president and senate
alone, but for the purpose of enabling us to
judge, what laws are necessary to be passed,
or whether any, for the government of the
country.

But it is said that the treaty provides that
a commissary shall be sent by France, to
the ceded territory, to receive its possession
from Spain and transmit it to us.

Is it therefore of no importance to us to know,
whether France has any title? If the commis-
sary cannot receive possession from Spain, he can-
not transmit it to us. But suppose the mandate
of the First Consul of France, is now law to
Spain, may not the time come, when a different
state of things will exist? And may we not be-
fore we pay fifteen millions of dollars, enquire
whether our title to the territory is sound.

But a gentleman from Virginia (Mr. Ran-
dolph) has said that there is a great difference
between this case and that of the British treaty
to which he has referred. In that case, says the
gentleman the house of Representatives said to
the president, 'sir we detest your treaty'. But
this treaty the gentleman says, has been hailed
by the country as a blessed thing. I do not
know sir, how the people of this country can have
expressed their approbation of this treaty. It is
now for the first time, been made public, and its
terms and conditions have been heretofore un-
known, and I cannot suppose that the people of
this country will consider it as a blessed thing to
pay fifteen millions of dollars for a country, to
which they get no title.

Mr. Smilie. I remember something of the
kind, that has been observed by the last gentle-
man who spoke, and it would be well to look in-
to it. It was said upon a former occasion that
we had no right to call for papers, and I still
think so; but we may judge how far it is neces-
sary now to call for them. (Mr. S. here read
the resolution moved to call for papers pending
the British treaty.) I see no occasion for so do-
ing in the present instance.

Mr. J. Randolph. I should be willing to call
for papers were they necessary, but I see no
reason for the present resolution. The presi-
dent has treated with the first consul of France
for Louisiana; & the Senate has ratified the tra-
ty. The French have declared that they will
send a commissary to give possession, as soon as
the treaty was ratified by the senate. That has
already been done, and I can state to this house
that there is now a commissary there on the part
of France.

Mr. Elliot. I greatly admire the talents of
the gentleman who moved and supported this re-
solution, but I think it premature. The first of
these gentlemen is not only inquisitive but inde-
fatigable—the second, ingenious and animated.
The gentlemen wish to have it ascertained whe-
ther we have a title to Louisiana. It is very true
we have not attained an absolute jurisdiction, be-
cause the terms of the treaty are not yet complied
with.—The gentlemen's enquiries are visionary.
Young as I am, and little versed in the subject,
I am unwilling to enter at length upon it. The
president tells us that the enlightened govern-
ment of France has on certain conditions, and
under certain stipulations conveyed Louisiana to
the U. States of America. The gentleman Mr.
(Goddard) asks will the people be content to
pay fifteen millions of dollars—not for a territory,
but for a promise? It was stipulated between
France and Spain, that Spain should cede Louisi-
ana upon certain conditions to the duke of Parma
within six months. I acknowledge it to be only
an assertion of the French that they have a title,
and I confess that we do not receive at present
any more than their title to the territory. No
such consequences can result as those deprecated
by the gentleman from Connecticut—they are
premature. A treaty has been entered into by
which France has transferred the right of domain,
and they send a commissary to deliver possession
to the U. States. Now if the treaty is carried
into effect we must have a legal title and acquire
possession. We ought to do every thing in our
power to carry the treaty into effect—for we are
not subject to pay a single cent until we are put
in possession. Presuming on the good faith of
the French government, we may safely go on in
making the provision. I conceive that the argu-
ments of the two gentlemen from Connecticut,
with their abilities can be of no avail.

Mr. Thatcher. The gentleman from Penn-
sylvania (Mr. Smilie) has compared the resolu-
tion before us, to the call for papers respecting
the treaty with Great Britain. There is not the

least similarity between the two cases. The
resolution adopted by the house respecting the
papers relative to the British treaty, was to re-
quest the President to lay before them, "A
copy of the instructions to the minister of the
United States who negotiated the treaty with
the king of Great Britain, together with the
correspondence and other documents relative to
the said treaty," &c. The professed intention
of those who voted for that resolution was to
enquire into the merits and expediency of that
treaty, and in case they disapproved of it to
withhold the appropriations necessary to carry it
into effect. It appears from president WASH-
INGTON's answer to the house (which the gen-
tleman has read) that this was the ground taken
at that time. He tells the house that in delibe-
rating upon this subject it was impossible for
me to lose sight of the principle which some have
avowed in the discussion, or to avoid extending
my views to the consequences which must flow
from the admission of that principle." It was
not pretended that the papers requested were ne-
cessary to assist the house in any act of legisla-
tion. If they had been, no doubt they would
have been furnished. The president further ob-
serves, that "the treaty with Great Britain,
exhibits in itself all the objects requiring legis-
lative provision, and on these the papers called
for can throw no light." We who support the
motion of the gentleman from Connecticut do
not assume the right to judge of the merits
of this treaty, or to withhold the necessa-
ry appropriations to carry it into effect, provided
it shall appear to have been constitutionally made
and when thus made and ratified, we admit that
a treaty becomes the law of the land. But we
are called upon to legislate for a new territory.
The object of the resolution under consideration
is to ascertain whether we have acquired a new
territory. By advertising to the 1st article of the
treaty on the table, we find that Spain by the
treaty of St. Idelfonso agreed to cede to France
the province or colony of Louisiana, six months
after the full and entire execution of certain con-
ditions and stipulations relative to the duke of
Parma." Our title to the colony of Louisiana
must depend upon the execution of these stipu-
lations on the part of France, it becomes then
important to us to see the treaty of St. Idelfonso,
that we may ascertain what the stipu-
lations referred to were, and it is also highly im-
portant to ascertain whether Spain has consented
to the cession of Louisiana to the U. States.
If we have received from France what amounts
only to a quit claim, and Spain has remonstrated
against the cession. I presume the house would
not think proper to institute and organize a go-
vernment over this country. But if gentlemen
are determined to take possession of Louisiana
without the consent of Spain it may alter essen-
tially the legislative provisions which will be a-
dopted. For with the consent of Spain we may
take possession with a corps of civilians; with-
out it, we shall require an army of soldiers. Gen-
tlemen tell us that they have seen an account of
the consent of Spain published in a newspaper
account. Are we then to legislate upon the e-
vidence of a newspaper account? It is with
great surprise I see opposition to this resolution
from gentlemen on the opposite side of the house.
I trust, sir, if we are to pass laws for the govern-
ment of a new territory, it will at least be ascer-
tained that we have a new territory to govern.
(Debate to be continued.)

NEW-YORK, October 31.

[We are indebted for the following Letter to the
Captain of the brig William, who arrived at
quarantine on Thursday from Crooked Island.]
To the Editor of the Mercantile Advertiser.

Sir,

About two months ago I entered on board the
sloop Independence, captain Daniel Markham, of
Philadelphia, which loaded and sailed at Great
Egg Harbour for the Bite of Leogane. After a
passage of 23 days was boarded in the Bite, by a
barge full of negroes, about 12 in number, who
immediately took possession of the sloop, ordered
all the crew below, and placed a centry at the
cabin doors. One of the negroes who could
speak English informed the captain they should
not hurt him or the crew, for they were not at
war with the Americans; but in about two hours,
being a little intoxicated, they demanded the pa-
pers from the captain, which were immediately
given to them, and were instantly torn to pieces
and thrown overboard. Between 12 and 1 o'clock
they called the captain on deck, stripped off his
clothes, tied his hands behind him, stabbed him
through the body, and then threw him into the
sea. They called for the mate, who begged them
to spare his life; but as soon as he made his ap-
pearance in the companion way, he was knock-
ed down by a negro and thrown overboard. Not
being quite dead, he cried out for help but they
left him to perish.

Myself and a seaman named Lewis Reedy,
seeing this, jumped overboard, and made our es-
cape by swimming ashore, it being about 4 or 5
miles distant, leaving two boys about the age of
16, who were most assuredly murdered. The
sloop was taken into L'Archaye by the ne-
groes, who informed the commander that her
crew had jumped overboard, and were drowned,
not knowing that two of us had made our escape.

After reaching the shore we wandered about in
the canefields until morning; where meeting
with a negro man who understood English, he
directed us to the commander Larose, to whom
we made our situations known, and he sent for
the captain of the barge. Considerable blood
being on the sloop's deck, he was asked how it
came there? He replied, it was the blood of some

Who he had killed.
der there were only a
time of our capture;
too much blood for th
sentenced to be h
with him escaped pu
We lived with the
end of July, when L
the schooner Federal,
I on board the brig
to New York, where
The crew of the
Daniel Markham, ca
bach, mate, do, tw
gon and Louis Reedy,
I am, Sir, your
RICHARD
Quarantine Ground, C

We learn from cap
blockading squadron
a 74 gun ship, a frig
masted schooner. At
low, occasioned by th
which had lately arriv
with provisions.

PHILADELPHIA

Latest from

Yesterday arrived at
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days from Bristol. Th
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Their contents are not
Capt. Bliss reports th
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French troops ready to e
that Bonaparte, through
given orders for all the mil
ready on the 23d of Septe

Agreeably to the procla
the aliens were flocking fr
Mr. Merry, ambassador
was to sail from Portsmou
capt. Cockburn, about the
The grand jury of Mid
against Wm. Cobbett, for
or of the True Briton.

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The accounts from China
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around.

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two cases. The house respecting the treaty, was to be before them, "A the minister of the treaty with the documents relative to the resolution was to expedient of that disapproved of it to necessary to carry it from president Wash- ouse (which the gen- was the ground taken house that in delibe- was impossible for iple which some have to avoid extending nes which must flow principle." It was ers requested were ne- in any act of legisla- no doubt they would e president further ob- with Great Britain, objects requiring legis- the papers called We who support the from Connecticut do judge of the merits hold the necessa- to effect, provided n constitutionally made refused, we admit that of the land. But we for a new territory, on under consideration have acquired a new o the 1st article of the and that Spain by the eed to cede to France Louisiana, six months ecution of certain con- clative to the duke of e colony of Louisiana ecution of these stipu- ance, it becomes then e treaty of St. Idel- tain what the stipula- it is also highly im- per Spain has consented ana to the U. States. France what amounts Spain has remonstrated resume the house would ure and organise a go- ry. But if gentlemen ossession of Louisiana ain it may alter essen- sions which will be a- sment of Spain we may rps of civilians; with- army of soldiers. Gen- have seen an account of ublished in a newspaper o legislate upon the e- account? It is with- tion to this resolution osite side of the house, ass laws for the govern- it will at least be ascer- w territory to govern. continued.)

October 31.
Following Letter to the
William, who arrived at
from Crooked Island.
Mercantile Advertiser.

I entered on board the
in Daniel Markham, of
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ed, he was asked how it
ed, it was the blood of some

he had killed. We informed the comman-
der there were only three fowls on board at the
time of our capture; and he declared there was
too much blood for three fowls. The captain was
sentenced to be hanged, but the persons concerned
with him escaped punishment.

We lived with the commander until the latter
end of July, when Louis Reedy entered on board
the schooner Federal, of and for Charleston, and
I on board the brig William of Norwich, bound
to New York, where we now lay at quarantine.

The crew of the Independence consists of
Daniel Markham, captain killed; John Beld-
bach, mate, do. two boys do. Richard Patter-
son and Louis Reedy, escaped.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
RICHARD PATTERSON.
Quarantine Ground, Oct. 29, 1803.

We learn from captain Hayt, that the British
blockading squadron at St. Pierre's consisting of
a 74 gun ship, a frigate, a brig, and a three
masted schooner. American produce was very
low, occasioned by the great number of vessels
which had lately arrived there laden principally
with provisions.

PHILADELPHIA, October 31.
Late from EUROPE.

Yesterday arrived at this port, the ship Cse-
lia, capt. Bliss, in the excellent passage of 52
days from Bristol. The latest English papers
brought by capt. Bliss, are to the 23d of Sept.
Their contents, are not of great magnitude.

Capt. Bliss reports that as late as the 25th Sept.
no events of consequence had transpired. Spain
continued to preserve her neutrality; and Portu-
gal, as yet, was exempt from French violence.

In the North of Europe affairs remained in the
same indecisive situation in which they were left
by our last accounts.—The English nation instead
of dreading the threatened invasion, began to fear
that the Corsican boaster had entirely relinquished
his design. To meet the military ardor of the
people, it was believed, some serious descents on
the coast of France were meditated by the Bri-
tish government. Such an enterprise would be
joined by a vast number of volunteers.

The last accounts from the ports of Holland
represented the preparations for the invasion of
England, as nearly in a state of completion. In
the Texel there were said to be ready for sea eight
ships of the line, a number of frigates, and 530
gun boats. At Flushing and other ports, 300
boats and several frigates. The boats are each
50 feet long, and 20 broad, capable to contain 50
men, and to carry two large cannonades in the bow.

The Dutch and French troops in Zealand amount
to 24,000. It was said, that there were 15,00
French troops ready to embark at D'Espe; and
that Bonaparte, through his aid-du-camp, had
given orders for all the military preparations to be
ready on the 22d of September.

Agreeably to the proclamation of the king, all
the aliens were flocking from the kingdom.

Mr. Merry, ambassador to the United States,
was to sail from Portsmouth in the Phoenix frigate
capt. Cockburn, about the 25th Sept.

The grand jury of Middlesex has found a bill
against Wm. Cobbett, for an assault on the Edit-
or of the True Briton.

The American ship Providence, bound to Am-
sterdam, was carried into Portsmouth, on suspic-
ion of having Jerome Bonaparte on board, for the
seizure of whose person the admiralty had ordered
their cruisers to keep a vigilant look out.

The Indian Seas are infested by Malay priva-
teers, more fierce and desperate than the corsairs
of Barbary. A number of their prowls were en-
gaged with the East India company's cruiser the
Swift, which after a severe struggle shattered and
dispersed them.

The accounts from China stated that rebellion
continued to rage in that country. On the 6th
of the 12th moon, a dreadful conflict took place
between the King's troops, amounting to thirty
thousand, and the rebels. The latter were re-
pulsed seven times and as often returned to the as-
sault; they at length mounted the ramparts of
the bastion where the king was in person. It was
at this period that the fight became sanguinary be-
yond description—the King, placed in the centre
of guards, sword in hand, dealt destruction all
around.

About the conclusion of the afternoon, the
ramparts were entirely cleared, and the gates
were ordered to be opened; the King then at-
tacked and followed the rebels to the banks of the
river, where the engagement was renewed with
redoubled fury, and the most dreadful slaughter
commenced; for the gun boats played upon them
in front, and the river being broad and rapid, and
night coming on, thousands perished in the water.

Wang Toukie, son of the Usurper, whose brother
was King of Cochin China, and he himself gover-
nor of Tonking, fled to the mountains; but his
younger brother had not equal good fortune.

Thirty General Officers and Colonels, as well as
12,000 men, were taken prisoners; the numbers
which are drowned are stated at 3000. The day
after the battle, the King came to the capital, and
issued orders to attack the fugitive rebels in every
direction in the province of Quin Hou. In con-
sequence of this order, which was immediately
complied with, their army was attacked on the
third of the second moon, in four different posi-
tions—to the South, General Oughten Quon
with 40,000 men; to the East, the Queen's cou-
sin landed 20,000 troops; to the North, General
Dink Tah with 70,000 men; to the West, Gen.
Doudon was appointed with 40,000. All passag-
es were guarded with strong detachments. On
the 4th, they forced a defile to the North, which
is called Benda Mountains; and the Generals of

The Northern Division were fortunate enough to
effect a junction in the plain of Mou San. The
loss of the enemy was inconceivably great, the
killed amounting to 9000.

On the 7th, they again gave battle: the ma-
rine force were added to the army of the North
and advanced to the southward gradually until
the 15th of the moon, when a complete junction
of all the armies was effected, to the number of
two hundred thousand men! The enemy appear-
ed to cover an extent of six miles at the foot of
the mountains. Their commander in Chief
Shien Phoo; the general of the Rebel Marine
force which had been previously burnt by the
King, named Theu Do; the general Dou D.ue.
kou, and their respective attendants, decamped
in the night of the 16th or 17th of the 2d moon
and retired to the mountains of Laos.

Thus matters remain, according to the latest
intelligence received at Bombay; but certain
advices have been transmitted to China, stating
that the King, with a view to crush this for-
midable rebellion, which has existed with more or
less consequence for these forty years, and at the
same time to give due energy to his government,
had set out on the 19th of the moon, with an
army of 300,000, to Tonkin, to be publicly
crowned.

Same day arrived the ship Orion, captain Ar-
nold, in 35 days from Rochelle in France. By
her we have French papers to the 22d Sept.
which are considerably taken up with appoint-
ments to the different divisions and regulations
of the army of England. Among them we find
the appointment of gen. Andreossi as chief etat
major of the camp assembled at St. Omars.

Gen. Berthier, minister of war, is appointed
major gen. of the army of England, and Mr.
Digan is appointed minister of war pro tem.

They also mention that the English frigates,
have frequently fired on the towns, particularly
Dieppe, St. Valery, Boulogne, and along the
French coast; and that Halet Effendi, the Am-
bassador of the Ottoman Porte, to the French
Court was arrived at Strasburg, on his way to
Paris.

Captain Arnold mentions that the preparations
for the invasion of England were still going on
with the utmost vigour, that it was computed
they had already three thousand boats complet-
ed, that while they were amusing the British with
their small boats, the ship yards were all employ-
ed in something of a larger cast, that in Septem-
ber, at Rochelle, the French had launched two
ships of 120 guns each, and a third was nearly
ready for launching. That all the vessels of ev-
ery kind, except the fishing boats, were prevent-
ed going to sea by order of the First Consul,
with, it is supposed, an intention of detaining the
seamen for the use of the proposed invasion.

Capt. A. further mentions, that there was an
army of 30,000 men at Bayonne, which it was
said, hourly expected orders to march into Portu-
gal; that it was well ascertained there had been
a considerable disagreement between the First
Consul and the Court of Spain, but at the time
of sailing, it was said to be nearly, if not quite
compromised between them.

The brig Jacob, of Norfolk, captain Cash-
wood, who came from Bourdeaux to Rochelle,
where he took in a cargo of Wine for New York
in going out of Rochelle harbour, about the 11th
of September last, was run shore by the Pilot,
when her starboard side soon broke in. The
vessel is lost, but the people and cargo saved.

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.
FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 4.
Minutes of the Proceedings of Congress taken
for the Alexandria Advertiser.
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.
WEDNESDAY, November 2.
Mr. Early, of Georgia, presented a me-
morial and remonstrance of Zachariah
Cox, stating a series of most extraordi-
nary hardships and cruelties, which he suf-
fered within the government of the United
States.

The petition states that in the month of
August, 1798, the petitioner passed down
the river Mississippi, and arrived at the
Natchez on the 11th, where a body of arm-
ed men surrounded his lodgings in the
dead of night, and made him a prisoner—
carrying him to a block house, in a part of
which horses were kept, and where he was
kept in close confinement for the space of
ten days, by a detachment of soldiers un-
der the pay of, and commanded by officers,
of the army of the United States.—That
his health being greatly impaired, he was
indulged with the liberty of occasionally
using a little exercise, but was still confin-
ed, under which he continued thirty nine
days and nights: that his remonstrances
and entreaties for liberty were treated with
disdain; that many gentlemen of great re-
spectability interested themselves in his
behalf, amongst whom was General Ma-
thews, without effect—all their applica-
tions in his behalf being rejected.

Such Legislators, continues the petition,
was the treatment experienced by a free
citizen, who can boldly challenge the world
to bring forward a single crime or dishonor-
able act.

In some time afterwards an accident of-
fered an opportunity for the petitioner to
escape, of which he did not hesitate to
avail himself, and escaped to N. Orleans,
where he immediately laid his case before
the Governor. Upon hearing his situation
the Governor ordered the petitioner into
his presence, and after some expressions
of astonishment, exclaimed, "My God!
how came you here?" I have had informa-
tion from General Wilkinson, that Zacha-
riah Cox, is now at the head of a party of
insurgents, or banditti, whose object is
plunder—how can this mistake happen?

A few days afterwards a demand was
made to the Governor to deliver up the pe-
titioner to a detachment of the army of the
United States, when he offered to surren-
der himself—but the Spanish Governor
would not permit him so to do—observing
that he was then under the protection of
his Catholic Majesty, and should meet pro-
tection—but added, if he had committed
any crime he would hereafter have to an-
swer for it.

That the petitioner wishing to return to
the United States, in order to sue for jus-
tice and satisfaction for his treatment as
abovementioned, he proceeded down the
Mobile river. In passing several tribes of
Indians, he found that they had been in-
structed to interrupt him.

That in prosecuting his journey he was
again seized at Nashville, in Tennessee, by
a detachment of soldiers belonging to the
army of the United States, and confined
by them several weeks, and at length libe-
rated, without the smallest compensation
being made to him. From which, suf-
ferings, and confinement, the petitioner lost
his merchandize—his favorite servant, &c.
Amounting to nine thousand Dollars.—
His peace of mind has been destroyed, and
his reputation blasted.

The Petitioner, after observing that the
damage he had thus sustained had prevent-
ed his getting sooner to the Bar of this
House, demanded justice—that his honour
should be vindicated and his losses compen-
sated.

Referred to a select committee of five.
Post Road to New-Orleans.

Dr. Mitchell observed that it was his
wish, and the desire of many commercial
men, that a mail should be regularly con-
veyed from the City of Washington to N.
Orleans and other parts of Louisiana. He
observed some parts of the present roads
to that country was extremely bad, and
winding—infested by robbers, and no regu-
lar accommodation for man or horse.—
This banditti might rob the mail. He wish-
ed it to be enquired into in what manner
the mail could be conveyed in safety. By
another route saving of four hundred miles
might be gained. A large part of the road
is owned by the Cherokee and Chicka-
saw nations—therefore, measures ought
to be taken to quiet those people, and to ex-
plain to them the business. He therefore
moved, "That the Committee on the Post
Office and Post Roads be directed to en-
quire by what means the mail may be con-
veyed in the greatest security and dispatch
to New-Orleans." Mr. Mitchell conclud-
ed with observing that the conveyance at
present from New-York to New-Orleans
often was not done under thirty days, and
by the mode he proposed it might be per-
formed in ten days.

Agreed.

Thursday, November 3.

Mr. J. C. Smith reported on the peti-
tion of Dennis Briscow, who had leave to
withdraw the same—and upon motion it
was referred to a committee of the whole
house.

A Message from the senate, agreeing to
the ongrossed bill, respecting the appro-
priation of fifty thousand dollars, for car-
rying into effect the 7th Article of the
treaty with Great Britain.

Petition of Philip Wilson, praying, that
his case might not come within the statute
of limitations.

Petition of Achilles Douglas—stating
that his horses and waggon, was press-
ed by the commanding officer of a detach-
ment of Militia, in Orange County, Vir-
ginia, and by hard service, three of the
horses died—and praying recompence.

Petition of Jason Beedle, for a pension
as a wounded soldier.

These petitions were referred to a com-
mittee of claims.

Petition of Henry Prescott and W. B.
Prescott, for a Drawback on Merchandise
shipped by them to a foreign Port—refer-
red to a committee of Commerce and Ma-
nufactures.

Mr. Jackson, finding a diversity of opi-
nion respecting his motion of yesterday—
that a twentieth part of the nett proceeds
of the sale of lands in Ohio, should be ap-
propriated to making public roads—beg-
ged to postpone the same until the third

Monday in the present month, in order to
give gentlemen a compleat opportunity of
investigating the subject.
Adjourned.

ROBERT T. HOOE and Co.
Has for Sale,
A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF
Coarse and fine Woolens,
Irish and German Linens,
Calicoes and Chintzes,
Liverpool China, white and coloured, in assorted
crates,
Doe Stone Ware in crates, assorted,
Sacking, coarse Hats in boxes, assorted,
London Pewter, Scarlet Cardinals,
Pipes in boxes, Paints in kegs,
English Nails of all sizes.
An assortment of Russia Linens and
Diapers—Hemp and Iron.
Nov. 4.

For Sale, Freight or Charter,
The Schooner
GEN. PINCKNEY,
a fine new vessel, built on this river,
of about 520 barrels, well found, and in complete
order to proceed immediately to sea. Apply to
Robt. T. Hooe and Co.
Nov. 4.

NEAR FERRY
To the City of Washington is now furnished
with a double set of hands and boats, for the ac-
commodation of the public during the RACES.
The greatest exertion will be used for the dis-
patch of those who may favour the subscribers
with their custom.
Philip Alexander,
Eliza. Wallington.
Nov. 4.

To Parents and Guardians.
THE Alexandria Academy under the direction
of the Rev. Mr. Moffet will be opened on Tues-
day next.
Nov. 4.

NOTICE.
THE partnership of NICHOLSON & KIL-
TON being dissolved by the decease of the lat-
ter, those who are indebted to them are requested
to make payment to the subscriber, to whom also
claimants will apply for settlement.
Henry Nicholson.
Nov. 4.

NOTICE.
The subscriber begs leave to inform her friends
and the public at large, that she has opened a
PORTER CELLAR
in the Stone Warehouse, Union street, nearly
opposite to her former Cellar, lately consumed
by fire. She flatters herself that her old custom-
ers and others will again favour her with their
custom. She will keep a constant supply of the
first quality of Porter, which will be sold on rea-
sonable terms, and every favour gratefully ac-
knowledgeed by the public's devoted servant,
MARGARET MYERS.
Wanted a quantity of empty Bot-
tles.
Nov. 4.

Notice is hereby given,
THAT we intend to petition the next General
Assembly of Virginia, for a law to establish a town
at the Oscequan Mills, in the county of Prince
William, under certain regulations.
Ellicott, Campbell & Wheeler.
Oscequan Mills, Oct. 5, 1803.

JUST IMPORTED
From London, and for sale at the subscriber's
warehouse, on King street,
800 pieces well chosen printed Calicoes
and Chintzes,
which they are enabled to offer unusually low for
cash, or on short credit.
Also—Cambric Mullins, fashiona-
ble ribbands and silk shawls.
Richd. Veitch and Co.
Oct. 31.

Notice to Parents.
ON Monday next Mr. Davis will
open his SCHOOL in Mr. Hoot's house on
Duke Street, between St. Asaph and Pitt streets.
Nov. 3.

NOTICE.
I WILL dispose of the whole of my Stock of
DRY GOODS
At present upon hand, at cost and charges, upon
a liberal credit, where punctuality in payment
may be relied upon. JAMES WILSON.
N. B. Those who are indebted to the Sub-
scriber, are informed, if more convenient, to
make payment in Fredericksburg, than in Alex-
andria, will please to do so, to Messrs. Robert
Cooper and Co. Merchants there; and those
whose accounts have been long standing, imme-
diate payment will be expected.
JAMES WILSON.
Oct. 28.

M. EAKIN,
Confectioner, King-Street,
HAS returned to town, and respectfully informs
his friends and the public, that he has for sale eve-
ry article generally in his line. Also, a variety
of choice FRUIT.
Oct. 26.

I have just received,
and offer for sale on reasonable terms,
TEN BALS
EAST INDIA GOODS,
consisting of
Gauripore Sannahs, Allibad Emerty,
Seempore Baitahs, Mugga Mamoody,
Lucipore, do. Beerboon Gurrals,
Chittabully do. Barrapooty,
Brown do. Bandanna Hifs.
Benjamin Shreve, jun.
August 1. eo

WILLIAM RAMSAY
HAS OPENED
A Grocery Store in Prince Street,
Next door to Dr. Dick's,
Where he intends keeping a general assortment of
genuine articles in that line, and now offers for
sale on moderate terms,
LONDON particular
Madeira,
Port in casks and bottles,
Colmenar and Malaga
Old St. Julian and Medoc Claret in cases of 2
dozen each,
White Wine Vinegar,
4th proof Jamaica Rum,
Do. Cogniac Brandy,
Holland Gin,
Loaf, lump and Muscovado Sugar,
Sugar House Molasses,
Imperial,
Chulan,
Hyson,
Young Hyson,
Hyson Skin,
Souchong,
Pouchong Souchong,
Padra Souchong,
Peco Souchong,
Bohea

WINEs,
Port in casks and bottles,
Colmenar and Malaga
Old St. Julian and Medoc Claret in cases of 2
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Bohea

WINEs,
Port in casks and bottles,
Colmenar and Malaga
Old St. Julian and Medoc Claret in cases of 2
dozen each,
White Wine Vinegar,
4th proof Jamaica Rum,
Do. Cogniac Brandy,
Holland Gin,
Loaf, lump and Muscovado Sugar,
Sugar House Molasses,
Imperial,
Chulan,
Hyson,
Young Hyson,
Hyson Skin,
Souchong,
Pouchong Souchong,
Padra Souchong,
Peco Souchong,
Bohea

NOTICE.
THE subscriber informs his friends and the
public in general, that he has opened his shop and
carries on
The Gun and Pistol Manufactory,
as usual, the bottom of King street, Alexandria.
ROBT. NASH.
N. B. Guns and Pistols stocked in the neatest
manner and on reasonable terms.
Nov. 1. eo3t

The Sale
of the property advertised on the 18th of August
last by us, in pursuance of the decree of the cir-
cuit court of the district of Columbia, for the
county of Alexandria, at the last June term of the
said court, and in pursuance of the last will and
testament of Lewis Hopkins, deceased, to take
place on this day at the house of Francis Daniel,
at the Little Falls of the Potomac, is unavoid-
ably postponed until Saturday the 12th day of
November next, at which place and on which
day, if fair, if not the next fair day, will pos-
itively be sold by us, at public auction, to the
highest bidder for ready money.

The following Property, viz.
One undivided third part of 207 acres of Land,
in the said district, near the said Little Falls,
upon which are Merchant Mills, with three pair
of French burr mill stones, and every necessary
and convenient machinery for manufacturing flour
to the best advantage; also a brewery and distil-
lery, miller's house, a brewer and distiller's house
and sundry other improvements. This property
will be shown to any person who may incline to
purchase it, by the said Francis Daniel, at any
time before the sale.

A tract of Land in Fairfax county, about three
miles from the said Little Falls, containing 207
acres, upon which is a dwelling house, in which
Mrs. Susan Wren lives, and sundry other improve-
ments; about two thirds of this land are cleared,
and the remainder in wood; it is good farming
land. Mr. William Waters, who lives near it,
will show this land to any person or persons who
may incline to purchase it, at any time previous
to the sale.
Mrs. Susan Wren, who was the widow of the
said Lewis Hopkins, has a right of dower in the
afore said property. The sale will commence
at twelve o'clock.
Philip R. Fendall,
Robert Young,
William Waters, } *Ex'ors.*
Sept. 29. d

This is to give Notice,
THAT the subscriber, of the County of Alex-
andria, in the District of Columbia, hath ob-
tained from the Orphan's Court of the said Coun-
ty, Letters of Administration with the will an-
nexed, on the personal estate of Margaret Wilfon,
late of the said County, deceased. All persons
having claims against the said estate are hereby
warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers
thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the twenty
seventh day of July next; they may otherwise,
by law, be excluded the benefit of the said estate.
WILLIAM WIGGINS,
*Administrator with the Will annexed, of Marg-
aret Wilfon.*
August 1. 1842.

BELL & WRAY,
Respectfully inform the citizens of Alexandria,
and the public in general, that they have re-
ceived, and offer for Sale, at the house lately oc-
cupied by Dr. Hall, opposite Mr. Randolph
Mott's Tavern, (formerly Mr. Heikell's) a
neat assortment of
DRY GOODS,
Suitable to the season, consisting of Cloths, Caf-
simeres, Marfelles, King and Queens Cords, Irish
Linsens, Platillas, Ticklenburgs, Hessians, Ofa-
burgs, Chintzes, Calicoes, Dimities, coloured and
white Cambric, tamboured and lappet Mullins,
Kid and Morocco Shoes, Court, York and High
Heels, with a variety of other articles, too tedious
to enumerate, which they are enabled to sell
at the most reduced prices for cash or country
produce.
Sept. 9. 23w 3m

By Authority.
SCHEME OF A LOTTERY,
TO BUILD
A Catholic Cathedral Church,
In the City of Baltimore.
1 Prize of 20,000
1 do. 10,000
2 do. 5,000 are 10,000
5 do. 1,000 5,000
10 do. 500 5,000
25 do. 200 5,000
200 do. 100 20,000
200 do. 50 10,000
200 do. 25 5,000
2,500 do. 20 50,000
4,000 do. 15 60,000
1st dr. ticket at 2,000 500
1st do. 4,000 500
1st do. 6,000 500
1st do. 8,000 500
1st do. 10,000 500
1st do. 12,000 500
1st do. 15,000 500
1st do. 18,000 500
1st do. 20,000 500
1st drawn ticket which
may have a Blank to its
Number, 4,000
7154 Prizes, 210,000
13846 Blanks—not 2 to a prize.

21,000 Tickets at 10 dols. each, 210,000
The laudable purpose of this lottery, the many
very valuable prizes offered, and there not being
two blanks to a prize, are considerations which
give the Managers reason to hope for a rapid sale
of the tickets. The drawing will commence as
soon as a sufficient number of Tickets shall be sold
to authorize it: and thirty days after the com-
pletion of the drawing, the prizes will be paid to
the fortunate adventurers; subject to a deduction
of Fifteen per cent. Such prizes as shall not be
demanded within twelve months after the drawing
is finished, shall be considered as relinquished for
the benefit of the Church.
Tickets to be had of the Managers, or of such
persons as may be appointed by them.
Right Rev. Bishop Carroll,
Rev. Francis Beeton,
Messrs. David Williamson,
Robert Walsh,
Chat Ghequiere,
Patrick Bennett,
Arnold Livers,
Luke Tiernan,
F. I. Mitchell, } *Managers.*

Tickets in the above lottery to
be had of the store of T. L. Washing-
ton and Co. Fairfax street, Alexandria.
August 13. 18w

Ten Dollars Reward.
RAN AWAY from the plantation of Law-
rence Lewis, esq. Fairfax county, on Friday the
19th inst. a Negro man named
PETER:
He is about 22 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 10 in-
ches high, rather slender made, very dark com-
plexion; has a large scar on one of his legs,
occasioned by the cut of a scythe the last harvest,
the wound not perfectly cured: his clothes not
recollected, but believe nothing more than a
common Negro cotton jacket and trousers. He was
seen in Alexandria last Saturday, and it is sup-
posed he is now in that place. All matters of
vessels and others are cautioned against harboring
or giving off said fellow at their peril. The
above reward will be given for securing him in
any jail so that I get him again, or upon deliv-
ering him to the subscriber, with all reasonable
charges paid.
Roger Farrell, Manager.
August 24. eo

The Subscriber
having made every exertion within his power for
two years past to procure the means of discharging
the debts due from the estate devised to him by
his father, without being able to effect it, and
now finding the estate under considerable embar-
rassment, hath come to a determination to offer
the whole personal property for sale, viz.
About 20 likely Negroes
of both sexes and various ages, amongst which are
a good carpenter and blacksmith, about 100 head
of horned cattle, consisting of milch cows, steers
and work oxen, a number of horses, mares and
colts, some of them remarkably fine, three likely
mules, and a variety of plantation utensils, &c.
The sale will commence at Salisbury on Thurs-
day the 8th day of December next, if fair, if not,
the next fair day.
Twelve months credit will be allowed for all
sums above 20 dollars, the purchaser giving bond
with approved security; creditors of the said es-
tate will be allowed to purchase to the amount
of their claims, previously settled and acknow-
ledged by me to be just and interest abated there-
on.
Charles I. Love,
Executor of Samuel Love, deceased.
Salisbury, Oct. 31. d

District of Columbia,
County of Alexandria, ss.
JUNE TERM, 1803.
John Potts, Complainant,
AGAINST
Robert Finley, John Bannatyne,
Andrew Buchanan, Jas. Hob-
kirk and Robt. Buchanan Dun-
lop, merchants and partners un-
der the firm of Finley, Ban-
natyne & Co. and Wm. Wilfon,
Defendants,
The defendants, Robert Finley, Jno.
Bannatyne, Andrew Buchanan, Jas. Hobkirk and
Robt. Buchanan Dunlop, not having entered their
appearance and given security according to the
act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it
appearing to the satisfaction of the court, upon
affidavit, that the said Robert Finley, John Ban-
natyne, Andrew Buchanan, James Hobkirk, and
Robert Buchanan Dunlop are not inhabitants of
this district, on motion of the said complainant,
by his counsel, it is ordered, that the said defen-
dants, Robert Finley, John Bannatyne, Andrew
Buchanan, James Hobkirk, and Robert Buchanan
Dunlop do appear here on the first day of Novem-
ber court next, and enter their appearance to the
suit and give security for performing the decree of
the court; and that the other defendant Wm.
Wilfon, do not pay away, convey or secrete the
debts by him owing to, or the estate or effects in
his hands belonging to the said absent defen-
dants, Robert Finley, John Bannatyne, Andrew
Buchanan, James Hobkirk, and Robert Buchanan
Dunlop until the further order or decree of this
court; and that a copy of this order be forthwith
published for two months successively, in one of
the public newspapers published in this county,
and that another copy be posted at the front door
of the court house of the said county.
A copy—Test, G. DENEALE,
S. 20. d2m Clerk

PHILIP WANTON
Has imported, per the Ann, from Liverpool,
A handsome assortment of
Ironmongery, Cutlery and Sadlery,
which will be ready for sale in a few days.
9th Mo. 27. 2aw

John and James H. Tucker
HAVE FOR SALE,
Seven Hundred Spanish Hides,
35 hds. Muscovado Sugar,
10,000 lbs Green Coffee,
9 hds. Surinam Molasses,
20 qr. casks Malaga Wine,
2000 bushels Allum Salt, and
Groceries as usual.
Also—74 hds. containing 40,000 lbs.
Green Coffee, subject to drawback.
Oct. 24. eo2w

The Subscriber
BEING anxious to decline the Mercantile Bu-
siness, will dispose of their
Stock on Hand,
upon advantageous terms, to any person wishing
to purchase, who will secure the payments in a
satisfactory manner.
Thos. L. Washington & Co.
N.B. All those indebted to the above firm
are requested to make immediate payment, as it
is their wish to close the business of the concern
with as little delay as possible.
Oct. 5. eo

Ten Dollars Reward.
RAN AWAY from the Subscriber on Sunday
the 14th inst. an apprentice boy to the Coopers
trade, named MICHAEL FOLEY, between 18
and 19 years old, about 5 feet 4 inches high,
dark straight hair, and has a remarkable down-
cast sheepish look. Being born in the west of
Ireland he will be easily discovered by his dialect.
Had on when he absconded, a nankeen upper
jacket, thickset waistcoat, new ticklenburg trou-
sers and a new wool hat, but took other clothes
with him. It is supposed he has gone tow-
ards Baltimore. If taken up 20 miles from
Alexandria I will pay 15 dollars, and if more
than 50 miles 20 dollars reward and all rea-
sonable charges.
CHAS. JAMIESON.
dated
August 15.

Joseph Janney and John Lloyd,
Have imported from Europe,
A general Assortment of GOODS, 1
suitable to the present and approaching seasons
which are now opened and offered for sale at their
store opposite Peter Sherron's, in King street, on
the usual terms.
Oct. 28. d3teo

WILLIAM HODGSON
OFFERS FOR SALE,
A consignment of well bought superfine and second
Broad Cloths & Kersimeres,
by the piece or package, at an advance to nett
first cost and charges only.
He has also for sale, imported by the ship Ann,
Bradford, from Liverpool,
Twenty cases English FELT HATS,
assorted prices.
Likewise—Negro Cottons, Halfthicks,
Kerseys, Coatings, Baizes, and a bale of
worsted Pantaloon.
A quantity of Liverpool and Cadiz coarse
SALT.
A few hogheads Molasses—Nova Scotia
GRINDSTONES.
For Rent—The Dwelling House and
Warehouse on Prince street, the latter occupied
by himself, and well calculated for the dry goods
business: the former suitable for a genteel family.
The terms will be moderate and immediate pos-
sion given.
John Potts, d3t zwa

HUGH SMITH
Has received by the Ann, the United States, and
the Orion, from Liverpool,
A complete assortment of Queen's Ware,
and can now supply country merchants on the
shortest notice. Has also received a number of well
ASSORTED CRATES,
in excellent condition.—Has for sale as usual
China and Glass Ware.
Likewise for sale, Pipes by the box, Crowley
Steel, New Cattle Grindstones.
Oct. 29. d6t eo

FOR SALE,
By the subscribers, at their store corner of Wash-
ington and Prince streets,
Jamaica, Antigua and N. E. Rum,
by the hhd. or barrel,
Molasses, brown and loaf Sugar, do.
Imperial, young hyson and hyson skin Teas,
Soal Leather, Salt of different kinds,
China by the box,
An assortment of India Muslins and Germs
Linens,
Soap and Candles, James river Tobacco,
Spinning Cotton, Herrings and Shad,
Wrapping Paper,
An assortment of Cloths, Stuffs, Swanfdowns,
&c. suitable to the approaching season.
They continue to purchase FLOUR as
usual.
Denney and Powell.
Oct. 29. d5

To Let,
THE frame Warehouse on King street, two
doors above Pitt Street, now occupied by Am-
brose Vassie. Possession will be given on the 27th
of this month—apply, in the absence of the
subscriber, to Col. Dennis Ramsey.
R. I. TAYLOR.
August 15. eo

PRIVATE applications having proved fruit-
less, I now call publicly on William Triplett,
(the inspector of tobacco at Colchester) to pay me
seventeen dollars and thirty cents, which he has
long ago received for a hoghead of tobacco he
fold and applied to his own use, and has promised
four several times to pay, asserting each time that
he had money either at home, at the Occoquan
Mills, or in Alexandria. But all his imaginary
funds have failed, and all his promises are broken.
When Peter Coulter was presented with the to-
bacco note, he immediately paid one half of it,
and referred to his brother inspector for payment
of the other moiety, who has offered no other
coin but broken promises. Had he confessed the
truth at first, that he was without money, and
promised to pay as soon as he could, I should have
believed him, and probably not said a word to
him on the subject from that day to this. But
his pride and self-importance would not allow him
to make such a confession, and when shuffling and
false promises could no longer avail him, he had
recourse to ill manners and insult.
If payment is not very shortly made, I must
drag the little great man into a court of justice on
his four assumptions, where his conduct will be pro-
perly exposed with costs of suit. The above-
mentioned facts will be substantiated by the evi-
dence of Wm. Hukins, Thos. Barrott, Lee Mas-
sey, jun. and Peter Coulter.
Lee Massey.
(N. 2) d1w
Oct 30.
Cash given for clean linen
and cotton rags.
PRINTED DAILY BY
S. S N O W D E N.

Public Men
On TUESDAY
at 10 o'clock, will be sold at
Run in hogheads and
French Brandy in pipes,
Cin in pipes and bl
Whiskey and A
Sugar in hhd's
Collee in tierces
Chocolate
White and brown
Mould and dip'd
Raisins in kegs,
Figs in kegs and
Queens Ware in c
FURN

A variety of
Among
Cloths, Coa
Kerseys, D
Plains and Kerf
Negro Cottons,
Elaficks, blue
Calimancoes and
Yarn Stockings,
Chintzes and Cal
Irish Linens, Sil
Osnaburgs and T
Mollins and Moll
India Muslins and
Bandanna Handke
Coloured Threads,
And sundry othe
P.

Sales by
On WEDNESDAY
at 10 o'clock, will be sold
corner of King a
Rum in hhd's
Whiskey in barrels
Apple Brandy in b
Cin in casks,
Wine in pipes and q
Molasses in hhd's
Sugar in hhd's, and
White and brown Soap in b
Coffee in casks and bags,
Raisins in kegs and boxes,
Queen's Ware, and
ALSO,
A variety of DRYG
—AMONG WHICH ARE
Broad Cloths, Irish Li
Calimancoes, Calicoes
Kerseys, Threads
Coatings, Chintzes
Halfthicks, Bedticks
Fearnought, Oznabur
Blankets, Sewing
Planes, Mollins
Negro Cottons, Hand
Worsted and other India Co
Stockings, &c.
THOS. PATTEN,
Nov. 7.

RICKETTS, NEWTO
HAVE RETURNED TO
And are now opening, and will be
in a few days,
Their Fall supply of
Consisting of superfine cloths, se
lings, fearnoughts, dufile blankets,
do. striped kerseys, plaids, half th
kerseys, swanfdowns, velvets,
ticklers, Scotch carpeting, Brussel
corded dimities, canvas and twine, c
fine and sewing twine, threads an
And have on Hand
70 hds. Sugar,
4 do. Jamaica Rum,
17000 lbs. Green Coffee,
2000 bushels salt. O8

To Merchants.
I WILL RENT for one year,
large a HOUSE and LOT in the to
burg there is a store room in the
for the reception of goods, a c
adjoining the store, a large dining r
ber, with two fire places below it
ing rooms, with two fire places
above stairs, a large garret, and t
cellars; a granary, kitchen, smoke
and a handsome falling garden. I h
two bays well enclosed in the said to
vacant lots which I will rent with or
the above described lot. The stand
is inferior to none in this place; it
high and remarkably healthy, and
fine prospect of the adjacent country
ELIZABETH TALLI
Steuersburg, Culpepper County,
October 24.